

## STATE NEWS HAPPENINGS.

### PRECAUTIONS TAKEN.

**Guards May Watch the Boundary Line of Kentucky to Keep Out Visitors Having Smallpox.**

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—The executive committee of the state board of health has been instructed to look into the danger of smallpox being brought into Kentucky from West Virginia and Tennessee. If it is found that the matter is as represented, strict quarantine will be established against these states unless they take action toward the suppression of the disease. The state of Kentucky has been spending thousands of dollars combating the disease, but it is found that as fast as it is wiped out in one section it will appear in another. It is charged that this is due to the fact that it is brought in from the adjoining states named. The executive committee is composed of Drs. Matthews, McCormick and Bailey, and it will take decisive action, even if it is necessary to put guards on the border line of the states.

The committee will also prepare and present to the next state legislature a bill to prevent the pollution of the water courses of the state. An instance cited is that of a stream near Mt. Sterling polluted by a distillery, the effects of which are felt in several counties. It will also confer with representatives of the medical schools of the state with regard to the passage of a law instituting a special examining board for young physicians who wish to practice in Kentucky. The state board looks after this now, and men are permitted to practice on their diplomas from a four-year school.

### THE AMBUSHED PARTY.

**Four Men Were Shot Instead of Two By Young Clarence Shipp—Is Still at Large.**

Lebanon, July 5.—Clarence Shipp, aged 17, who, a few days ago, it is claimed, ambushed and assassinated Richard Horde and seriously wounded John Allen on Scott's Ridge, this county, has not yet been apprehended, although a posse has been searching for him, and believe they will shortly capture him.

Deputy Sheriff Jack T. Fisher brought in and placed in jail Guidion Shipp, an 11-year-old brother of Clarence Shipp, the alleged assassin. He was with his brother in the thicket when the fatal shots were fired. He declares he is innocent, but admits having been with his brother when the shots were fired. It has been feared that four men were shot instead of two, as at first reported. Horde, who died, had 40 buckshot in his breast and head. Dave Allen was mortally wounded and John Allen is badly shot, but not seriously. A lunch basket he carried protected him.

Lebanon Ky., July 6.—Dave Allen, who was shot on Scott's Ridge Monday, died of his injuries, and Clarence Shipp, aged 17, is now a double murderer. Richard Horde was the other victim, having been killed instantly. Officers are still searching for Shipp.

### UNREQUITED LOVE.

**Harry Graven Made Four Attempts at Suicide But Some One Always Interfered.**

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—Harry Graven, of this city, has made four attempts at suicide recently, all unsuccessful. Unrequited love is said to be the cause. The young man, who is 20 years old, took laudanum six weeks ago. A stomach pump drew him back from the land of shadows. Then he severed an artery in his wrist. A physician sewed it up before he had lost enough blood to count. Saturday afternoon he leaped into the river. A fisherman pulled him out and he was arrested charged with disorderly conduct. Saturday night he tried to bite the arteries in his wrist and beat his brains out on the bars. A big policeman tied his hands and feet and it begins to look as if Graven will have to live a while after all.

### Reduced Rates.

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—For the triennial convocation of the Knights Templars at Louisville, August 27-30, the Central, Trunk, New England, South-eastern, Western, Southwestern and Trans-Continental Passenger associations and the Associated Railway of the Virginias and Carolinas have made a reduced rate, two associations granting one fare plus \$2, the other one fare.

### Beckham Will Attend.

Hopkinsville, Ky., July 6.—Gov. Beckham accepted an invitation to be present and open the good roads convention in this city next Wednesday.

### Hampton Found.

Hopkinsville, Ky., July 8.—Walter Hampton, aged 12, who shot and killed Rudolph Killebrew, aged 10, was arrested in Tennessee and brought back here. The grand jury has indicted him on a charge of wilful murder.

### His Body Found.

Lexington, Ky., July 4.—The body of William Hart, colored, who was overcome by the heat while cutting weeds on the farm of James Clark Tuesday was found Wednesday morning.

### CHANGE IN LUCK.

**Milton Kendall, After Years of Misfortune, Finds Himself to Be Heir to Oil Lands.**

Lexington, Ky., July 8.—Milton Kendall, of this city, after years of misfortune, and just acquitted on the charge of having killed Eugene Cassell in this county about 18 months ago, has at last experienced a change in luck. Through his wife, who was a daughter of Dr. H. B. Lary, formerly of Maysville, Ky., he finds that he is heir to 24,000 acres of Texas land, 5,000 acres of which are in the Beaumont oil field.

Dr. Lary at the close of the Mexican war bought up the discharges of five Mexican war veterans, which entitled him to these large holdings of Texas lands. Kendall discovered the papers by accident at the death of his father-in-law and only recently obtained judgment for 800 acres. He investigated further and found at the state capitol of Texas the record of the other grants and since the discovery of oil he has determined to push his claim.

Kendall has been involved in numerous lawsuits and this has prevented him from devoting time to his Texas holdings. He is now living in comparative poverty.

### FOUND THEM DEAD.

**Became Wealthy and Returned to Search of His Sister-in-Law and Her Daughter.**

Owensboro, Ky., July 6.—Friday morning, when the 8:35 train reached here from St. Louis, a man who lived here 20 years ago, named R. B. Widmer, but who was a stranger to everybody, got off and began to inquire if anybody knew where Mrs. Pauline Widmer lived. No one at the depot could tell him, and he came on down into town, inquiring of people as he met them as to Mrs. Widmer's residence.

Finally he found some one who remembered the tragic suicide on the night of June 30, 1897, of Mrs. Widmer and her only child, Miss Pauline, and told him that she was dead and told him the circumstances attending the death of herself and daughter.

The poor man became grief-stricken, and his condition was pitiable. He had come all the way from Seven Devils Hill, on Snake river, Idaho, bringing with him 20 five-hundred-dollar bills to give to his sister-in-law and her daughter, and to take them with him to his mining camp in Idaho, where he has grown rich. He expected to find them well and alive.

### WRONG PASTOL USED.

**One Man Fatally Shot at the Red Men's Demonstration at Bowling Green, Ky.**

Bowling Green, Ky., July 5.—The big Red Men's demonstration at the fair grounds here Thursday was marred by a shooting affair about 4:30 o'clock. The sham battle was on between the Red Men on one side and the cowboys and military on the other, when one of the Red Men, John Neekes, was shot in the back and dangerously, and perhaps fatally, hurt by Peck Campbell, one of the cowboys. Campbell left the grounds immediately after the shooting, but returned later and surrendered to the officers. He admits that he did the shooting, but says it was accidental; that he had two pistols in his pocket, one loaded with blanks and the other with cartridges, and in the excitement of the battle he got hold of the loaded pistol. Neekes, who was shot, is an L. & N. engineer and lived in this city.

### Carnegie's Gift to Covington.

Covington, Ky., July 5.—Covington will ever remember Andrew Carnegie and the Fourth of July. Thursday Mayor Rhinock received a cablegram from the retired millionaire, instructing him to have prepared the plans and specifications, to take the bids for and begin the construction of an auditorium. Mr. Carnegie said that he would provide \$20,000 toward defraying the expenses. A dispatch of thanks was sent Mr. Carnegie.

### Company Incorporated.

Louisville, Ky., July 6.—The Old Kentucky Distillery Co. was incorporated Friday afternoon with a capital of \$300,000. The incorporators are: D. Meschendorf, 2,340 shares; O. H. Irvine, 750 shares; D. B. Mushelman, 10 shares. This company will take over the distilleries of D. Meschendorf and engage in a general distilling business.

### Killed Over a Game.

Hopkinsville, Ky., July 8.—Colored men were engaged in a crap game at Oak Grove Sunday, when Dick Williams shot Ink Cowherd through the heart. Williams is in jail.

### Six Lives Saved.

Louisville, Ky., July 6.—The life-savers Friday rescued a raft on which were W. Dean, S. T. Conway, A. Gunn, William Kincaid, Charles Mitchell, George Albey and G. Bronson, all of Frankfort, from going over the falls. The raft is worth \$7,500.

### McDowell Will Appeal.

Richmond, Ky., July 6.—Joe McDowell, absconding cashier of the Estill County Deposit bank was convicted of embezzlement and sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. McDowell will appeal.

## THE ISSUE IN SIGHT.

**Protection and the Trusts Will Be Vigorously Combated by the Democracy.**

One year from now the campaign for the election of the Fifty-eighth congress will be under way and the people will decide by the political affiliation of those they then elect to represent them what the future policy of the government shall be on the important issues that are now being discussed.

Hon. James D. Richardson, chairman of the democratic congressional committee, gives to the Baltimore Sun his views on some of the momentous questions, as follows:

"The development of issues," he said, "is much more rapid than that of candidates for either party in the 1904 contest. In the discussion of candidates it must be borne in mind that we have the congressional campaign of 1902 to reckon with before we enter upon the business of presidential making in 1904.

"Out of the earlier contest may grow conditions which will indicate more clearly candidates available for the presidency. The only excuse for the discussion at this time of candidates for 1904 seems to be found in the eagerness of some men of greater or less prominence to begin a canvass in their own interests.

"The national issues of the near future seem to me to be more clearly indicated than at the close of our latest contest. It seemed possible they could be so soon. True democratic principles have great vitality. Whenever the country feels that false theories and dangerous policies are leading the government from the observance of right principles democratic doctrines are appealed to for rescue and safety.

"The tariff question, which the republican party declared a few years ago to have been settled finally and forever in favor of high protection, will be found to be very pressing in the next presidential campaign. Trusts, the offspring of the republican party, have grown so great that they overtop the parent and Dame Protection can no longer conceal them at her back by spreading her skirts or enveloping them in the black smoke of the factories. Even the trusts themselves demand something more than simple home products to feed on, and he most robust of them are looking for an open way to foreign markets. Within the very ranks of the republican party there is discontent at the continuance of the system which shuts us out of our proper place in the world's commerce. There is a reluctance to acknowledge that the old democratic tariff doctrines furnish means to open markets to our products. It may be clearly seen by one who looks ahead that the tariff question will enter into the campaign of 1904 as an important issue, and that the democrats will be found standing where they have always stood.

"All the old articles of faith which have given the democratic party enduring life will be found boldly enshrined in the next national campaign. The preservation of the faith of our fathers will make the great comprehensive issue of the campaign.

"The jeopardy in which the Monroe doctrine has been placed through the short-sighted policy of the McKinley administration is likely to attract very wide public attention and may even become an overshadowing issue. I do not know whether it is fully realized by our people that the agitation over the Monroe doctrine at this time is due to the fact that the administration is seriously embarrassed by the anticipated purpose of foreign governments to acquire coaling stations in the proximity of South and Central American ports.

"Prior to our adventure in the Philippines and before we had become a 'world power,' to use that term as the advocates of empire use it, the desire of foreign governments to establish fish bases of supplies within the sphere of American republics would have occasioned no serious embarrassment. There were no doubts excited by foreign entanglements and complications of conflicting policy. There was no question of our right to object, and it was silently acknowledged by all the world. But the new policy of the administration has placed this government in such a position that to maintain sovereignty over remote islands the United States must acquire the right to establish coaling stations within the sphere where the influence of foreign powers is recognized. How can this government deny to other powers a privilege within the sphere covered by the Monroe doctrine while it seeks similar privilege within their dominions? This is the question which embarrasses.

"The administration does not know how to refuse privileges similar to those it must ask; yet to grant them would be at least a modification of the Monroe doctrine, and would threaten our stability as a nation through permitting the establishment of bases of supplies at our very ports, from which foreign powers could operate against us in time of war. Worse than abandonment of the Monroe doctrine, this would place us in the position of not being strong enough to defend it or to defend ourselves with certainty from attack.

"This is one of the penalties we are called upon to pay for the privilege of 'expanding.' This is becoming a 'world power.' Whether we are willing to pay the penalty must be one of the things tested in 1904.

"Mr. Dawes and his merry men who look after the national banks never seem to be able to discover trouble until it is so acute that every one but the small depositor knows it. If Dawes would pay more attention to examining banks than to Illinois politics to further his own ambition, the public might be better protected.

## COMBINATION EFFECTS.

**Railway Magnates Put Up a Bluff to Fool the Confiding People.**

The giant railroad combination is evidently organized to fleece the public and thus pay dividends on their watered stock, not only at its par value, but on the market price of various stocks, many of which are quoted far above par and greatly above the intrinsic value for which the roads could be replaced. The great railroad magnates insist that the combination will benefit the public and better the conditions of the men employed, but this is evidently said to fool the people.

Freights have already been advanced from 30 to 50 per cent., according to the Washington Post, which says: Prominent western merchants, all heavy shippers of merchandise, are preparing to call to account before the interstate commerce commission the heads of the various railroad combinations and the "community of interests" alliances of the trunk lines throughout the country. The charges are made that following those movements of consolidation freight rates have been advanced from 30 to 50 per cent. through quiet and organized manipulation of the various classifications of commodities. Behind the movement to attack this scheme of freight advances, by applying to the interstate commerce commission for relief, lies the plan for a still more vigorous blow. The complainants intend to demand that congress shall take a hand in forcing the formation of a uniform classification of freights which shall be effective on every railroad in the United States.

It is encouraging to note that these "prominent merchants" are to take action; hitherto they have stood aloof and left the burden of fighting the railroads to the "strangers" and others. Their plan of demanding congress to give them relief is the only one that will bring results, though it is very doubtful if the coming congress will be found willing to pass any bill that will really hurt the railroads. Nearly every republican member will ride on a free pass, not only for himself, but for his family, when he comes to Washington, and the general managers who have granted him this favor of course expect protection and favors in return.

About one year from now the canvasses and conventions for the nomination of congressmen and of legislative candidates who will elect United States senators, will be meeting, and then is the time for those who want to curb the rapacity of the railroad trust to get in their work, and in 1903 something may be accomplished.

## SECRETS OF RECIPROCITY.

**Split of Republicans on the Tariff Question Brings Interesting Revelations.**

The controversy that has sprung up between republicans as to the merits of protection and reciprocity is good reading these days, for when thieves fall out honest men may get their dues. The American Economist, the organ of the ultra protectionists, is laying down the law with a high hand. It is receiving some pretty heavy raps in return but as long as the trusts and protected monopolies put up the money to make the fight, doubtless the editor of the Economist enjoys the situation and will hit every head that comes up to say a word against its backers. What makes the controversy more interesting is that many facts that were known but were difficult to prove are now being acknowledged. For instance, it was well known that the republican managers in the senate were held up by the protected industries affected and so the French and other reciprocity treaties were not ratified.

One of these protectionists writing about the matter makes this plain by saying: We invited the French government to make a reciprocity treaty. We told them that if they would reduce their duties upon some of our products we would reduce our duties on some of theirs. This invitation was extended under the authority of the Dingley tariff law, and therefore was the act of congress as well as that of the executive, but after the executive had performed his part of the duty congress repudiated the whole thing because a few New England manufacturers of knit goods and pinchbeck jewelry, and a few Californians who are trying to raise French walnuts, feared that their products would be reduced.

M. de Witt, the Russian finance minister, did not mince matters in giving his opinion of Secretary Gage. He said "he cannot imagine that Mr. Gage would intentionally mislead the people of the United States, and therefore he can only conclude that Mr. Gage is not possessed of all the facts in the case." In the meantime further reprisals are hinted at on agricultural machinery, but our manufacturers must not blame Gage if they are entirely blocked out of the Russian markets; they must blame the Dingley tariff. A prompt revision of the tariff is the only hope of our manufacturers if they want to do a foreign trade.

It is announced that up to the present time the prosecution of Mr. Neely for the Cuban post office frauds has cost the government \$50,000, and he is as far from conviction as when he was first arrested. How much Rathbone has cost is not stated. It is quite evident that the republicans do not dare to vigorously prosecute these men or they would have been brought to trial long ago. The threat of Rathbone "to pull down the pillars of the temple" has evidently had its effect.

## RELIABLE

**R. B. BREVARD.**

Has a Superior Stock of the best makes of all kinds of Hardware which is offered at ONE PRICE, and that the very lowest the market justifies.

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED.  
ROOFING A SPECIALTY.

**HICKMAN BANK,**

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY

Capital Stock paid in.....\$50,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 20,000

Does a General Banking Business. Loans Money on Liberal Terms Act's of Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers respectfully solicited

The Funds and Securities of this Bank are protected by the

**Mosler Patent Screw Door Safe**  
Has never yet been Opened by Burglars.

R. T. TYLER, President. W. C. JOHNSON, Cashier  
U. A. HOLCOMBE, Vice-President. S. AMBERG, Asst. Cashier.

**HICKMAN WAGON CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED



**HICKMAN WAGONS,**

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.



**VITALITY-POWER-HEALTH RESTORED!**

The weak made strong by the use of NERVO-TABLETS.  
A SPECIFIC for all SEXUAL WEAKNESS and Nervous Troubles. Make pure rich blood; impart warmth, power, vigor, energy. THEY NEVER FAIL.

No matter how hopeless the case may seem. Astonishing and quick results. They supply the Nerves, Brain and Blood with the most powerful and highly concentrated NERVE and BLOOD FOOD being the TRUE

Natural Vegetable Tonic, are quickly assimilated, restoring Lost Vitality naturally and are the product of the latest, most concentrated Nerve-Tablets skillful and learned research in Materia Medica and are different from other remedies of the class. They act as food to the system and leave it stronger every time used. They begin at the seat of the disease, and act on the

Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, cleansing the entire system from impurities. **WEAK MEN and WOMEN strong and robust.** They have our unqualified guarantee. They surely and promptly stop all drains. Positively cure Impotency, Night Losses, Vertigo, bad effects of Tobacco and Whiskey, Lost Manhood, Tired Feeling, Sleeplessness, Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Vertigo, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Headache, Backache, Trembling, Numbness, Lost Power, and all such diseases of the genital organs. Prevent Paralysis and Consumption. Weak Women whom they will bring the Bloom of Health to Pale Faces; add pleasure to life. We could give Thousands of Testimonials, but your best way is to try them. We refund the money if a cure is not effected. Try them and if you want it, you can have your money back just for the asking. Price 50c a box of ten days treatment, \$1.00 a box of 20. Securely sealed by mail. Postage stamps taken same as cash. Address THE NERVO REMEDY CO., 366 West Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky., Sole Agents for the United States.

Sold by Cowgill & Cowgill.

**The Shortest Route to Texas.**

One reason why travelers to Texas go via Cairo and the

**Cotton Belt Route,**

is that the Cotton Belt is from twenty-five to fifty miles shorter than other routes.

This saving in distance makes a corresponding saving in time.

Cotton Belt trains carry Pullman Sleepers at night, Parlor Cars during the day and Free Chair Cars both day and night.

Write and tell us where you are going and when you will leave, and we will tell you the exact cost of a ticket and send you a complete schedule for the trip. We will also send you an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

R. MARK, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.  
E. W. LORRAINE, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

**THE PIONEER LIMITED**

Leaves Chicago at 6.30 p. m. daily  
via the  
**CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY**

Arrives St. Paul at 7.50 a. m.  
" Minneapolis at 8.30 a. m.

The Only Perfect Train in the World.